1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2	DISTRICT OF MAINE
3	
4	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, CRIMINAL ACTION
5	Plaintiff Docket No: 10-mj-140-MJK
6	
7	-versus-
8	
9	MATTHEW DEHART,
10	Defendant
11	Transcript of Proceedings
12	Transcript or Trocceurings
13	Pursuant to notice, the above-entitled matter came on for Detention Hearing held before THE HONORABLE MARGARET J. KRAVCHUK, United States Magistrate Judge, in the United States District Court, Bangor, Maine, on the 11th day of August 2010 at 3:01 P.M. as follows:
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16	
17	Appearances:
18	For the Government: Nancy Torresen, Esquire Assistant United States Attorney
19	
20	For the Defendant: Virginia G. Villa, Esquire
21	FTR Operator: Eileen Carver
22	
23	Lori D. Dunbar, RMR, CRR Official Court Reporter
24	(Prepared from FTR and
25	computer aided transcription)

1	I N D E X
2	Witness Direct Cross Redirect Recross
3	Amy Blanchette 5 13 20
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10	EXHIBITS
11	Number Description Page/Admit
12	Government's
13	1 Complaint and affidavit 25
14	2 Synopsis 25
15	4 E-mail from Thresher 25
16	5 Firearms permit record 25
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                 (Open court. Defendant present.)
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              THE COURT: This is Docket No. 10-140, United
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     States of America versus Matthew Dehart.
     Government's represented by Ms. Nancy Torresen, the
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5
     defendant appears with Ms. Virginia Villa, and this is
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     before the Court for hearing on issues of identity and
7
     production of the warrant, a preliminary examination,
8
     and a detention hearing. Ms. Villa, are we proceeding
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     to have hearings on all of those issues?
              MS. VILLA: No, Your Honor, we have a waiver
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11
     of a Rule 5 and 5.1 hearing in which my client is
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     willing to waive the identity hearing as well as the
     preliminary hearing but not the detention hearing.
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14
              THE COURT: And you have that waiver in front
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     of you?
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              MS. VILLA: Yes, Your Honor.
17
              THE COURT: Does he intend to execute it now?
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              MS. VILLA: Yes, ma'am.
              THE COURT: All right, then he may do so.
19
20
              MS. VILLA: You just sign.
21
              THE COURT: And you've checked the appropriate
22
     blocks indicating his waiver is limited to an identity
23
     hearing and a preliminary hearing.
24
              MS. VILLA: That is correct, Your Honor.
25
              THE COURT: And he has signed it and you have
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signed it.

Mr. Dehart, you understand that you're giving up your right to a hearing on the question of probable cause to believe this offense occurred in Tennessee and that you've permitted it, and you're giving up your right to a hearing on the issue of whether you are indeed Matthew Dehart and there is indeed a warrant for your arrest in Tennessee.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. I'll approve that waiver.

Now, you're requesting to proceed to hearing on the issue of detention; is that correct?

MS. VILLA: That is correct, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you, you may be seated.

Ms. Torresen?

MS. TORRESEN: Your Honor, this is a presumption case because there are minor victims involved, and I think that the defendant bears the burden of production in this, and as I understand it from talking to Virginia she's prepared to go forward with that.

THE COURT: All right. The Government essentially is resting on the presumption at this

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     juncture.
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              MS. TORRESEN: Well, I'm just waiting to see
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     what she produces and then I would have more if she can
     meet her burden.
4
              MS. VILLA: I -- I would call Amy Blanchette.
5
              THE CLERK: Please raise your right hand.
6
7
     you solemnly swear that the testimony you shall give in
     the cause now in hearing shall be the truth, the whole
8
9
     truth, and nothing but the truth, so help you God?
              THE WITNESS: I do.
10
11
              THE CLERK: Please have a seat. Please state
12
     your name and spell your last name.
13
              THE WITNESS: Amy Blanchette,
14
     B-L-A-N-C-H-E-T-T-E.
15
                        DIRECT EXAMINATION
     BY MS. VILLA:
16
17
           Miss Blanchette, you authored a Pretrial Services
     Ο.
18
     report regarding Mr. Dehart; is that correct?
           Yes, I did.
19
     Α.
20
     Q.
           And in that report you have recommendations about
21
     the assessment of nonappearance as well as the
22
     assessment of danger; is that correct?
23
     Α.
           Yes, I do.
24
     O.
           I -- in those a part of your assessment of
25
     nonappearance seems to appear to be with a -- the
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1 requirement of the Adam Walsh Act for electronic
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- 2 | monitoring; is that correct?
- 3 A. Correct.
- 4 Q. Is it correct that electronic monitoring is
- 5 totally unavailable in the District of -- the Southern
- 6 District of Indiana?
- 7 A. No, it's not.
- 8 Q. Okay. What kind of electronic monitoring would
- 9 be available in that district?
- 10 A. The RF, radio frequency unit, is.
- 11 Q. And what does that radio frequency unit -- what
- 12 kind of information does it provide?
- 13 A. That provides for when the defendant leaves the
- 14 house and returns to the house.
- 15 O. So that, for instance, if the defendant were
- 16 restricted to his parents' residence in the Southern
- 17 District of Indiana, except for preapproved
- 18 appointments or medical appointments or whatever
- 19 appointments that would be appropriate for him to
- 20 attend, as well as court hearings, that he would have
- 21 to contact a probation officer; is that correct?
- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 Q. And they would know whether or not he has left
- 24 and returned during the time allocated.
- 25 A. Correct.

- Q. And that if he were to leave at any other time
- 2 | would that show up on that monitoring?
- 3 A. Yes, it would.
- 4 Q. And how soon would that show up on the monitoring
- if he left without permission?
- 6 A. It takes generally up to about five minutes.
- 7 Q. Now, you also mentioned a history of flight; is
- 8 that correct?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. And that history of flight would have occurred
- 11 soon after a search warrant was performed at my
- 12 client's residence; is that correct?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 0. What do you know about that?
- 15 A. I know that the defendant apparently went to
- 16 Mexico shortly after the search warrant was effected at
- 17 the home.
- 18 Q. And how did you know about that trip to Mexico?
- 19 A. The defendant informed me he had been to Mexico,
- 20 his father informed me he had been to Mexico, the FBI
- 21 agents involved in the case told me he had been to
- 22 Mexico, and then I spoke to his father to get more
- 23 details about how he went to Mexico and how he returned
- 24 from Mexico.
- Q. All right. And so his father has been very

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1 straightforward about giving you accurate information
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- 2 that later was confirmed by documents received from the
- 3 Government; is that an accurate or fair statement?
- 4 A. Correct.
- 5 Q. And it's your understanding that at the time that
- 6 Mr. Dehart went to Mexico he wasn't under any -- any
- 7 compulsion to stay in the United States?
- 8 A. None that I know of.
- 9 Q. And he wasn't under any compulsion to return to
- 10 the United States.
- 11 A. None that I know of.
- 12 O. And he did return to the United States.
- 13 A. Correct.
- 14 | Q. Regarding his residence in Canada of which you
- 15 also expressed a concern, how did you learn that
- 16 Mr. Dehart had a residence in Canada?
- 17 A. He informed me he did.
- 18 Q. Okay. And did you make any efforts to confirm
- 19 the information that he provided to you?
- 20 A. Yes, I spoke to the school.
- 21 \ Q. And did they confirm that what he had told you
- 22 was in fact accurate?
- 23 A. No.
- 24 O. No.
- 25 A. No.

- 1 O. What was it?
- 2 A. He had informed me that he was staying in the
- 3 lone dormitory on campus in room No. 13. When I spoke
- 4 with the school they could find no record that he had
- 5 applied for school housing, for student housing.
- 6 Q. Did you speak with his father or receive any
- 7 documentation from his father regarding his schooling?
- 8 A. Just what you provided me, I believe.
- 9 Q. Okay. And I can't recall but did that have any
- 10 confirmation as to a housing unit?
- 11 A. I don't know. Some of it was hard to read
- 12 because it was a little blurry, to be honest.
- 13 Q. Where is it? My copies aren't the best, either.
- 14 While I'm looking for that document, regarding
- 15 Mr. Dehart's criminal history, during your interview
- with him did he talk to you about his criminal history?
- 17 A. Yes, he did.
- 18 Q. And to your knowledge was he truthful about that?
- 19 A. Yes, to my knowledge he was.
- 20 Q. Okay. The other part of it was a question about
- 21 his medical and insurance coverage and whether or not
- 22 he had continued on with medication while in Canada; is
- 23 that correct?
- 24 A. Question regarding?
- 25 Q. His -- he has a history of needing and taking

- 1 mental -- prescribed medications.
- 2 A. Yes, he does.
- Q. Okay. And you were unaware as to whether or not
- 4 he had continued that while he was in Canada; is that
- 5 correct?
- 6 A. Correct.
- 7 Q. And I provided you with an insurance coverage
- 8 listing, at least for the ILSC, which was a summer
- 9 program he attended?
- 10 A. Correct.
- 11 0. That reflects that he did have insurance
- 12 coverage; is that right?
- 13 A. Again, some of those were blurry and hard to
- 14 read.
- Q. Okay. My copy isn't much better. But there is
- something from the ILSC, which was a summer program
- 17 | separate from his current program, right?
- 18 A. Correct.
- 19 0. And that confirmed that he had been in that
- 20 summer program.
- 21 A. Correct, and I spoke to the program, too, to
- 22 confirm.
- 23 Q. And did that program confirm that he was staying
- 24 with a family for purposes of that program?
- 25 A. They did not confirm that one way or another.

- 1 Q. Okay. Okay. And so your concern is is basically
- 2 you don't know whether or not he has been taking his
- 3 | medications; it's just an unknown.
- 4 A. That is one of the concerns, correct.
- 5 Q. Okay. Did you speak to his parents about their
- 6 interactions with him prior to his arrest to try and
- 7 confirm whether or not he had been taking his -- you
- 8 know, seemed to be in his normal mental state while
- 9 he's taking medications?
- 10 A. No, I didn't.
- 11 Q. However, his parents have been in regular contact
- with him on a daily basis, just about, up until the
- 13 time of his arrest.
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. And to your knowledge you don't have any
- 16 information that he has a history of not taking his
- 17 medications as prescribed.
- 18 A. Correct, I don't know that.
- 19 Q. Now, you also spoke to his father about the
- 20 possibility of the father acting as a third-party
- 21 custodian; is that correct?
- 22 A. Yes, I did.
- 23 Q. And what was the father's response to the
- 24 possibility of his being a third-party custodian?
- 25 A. He's willing to.

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Q. Finally, I wanted to ask you about a report that
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- 2 you reference regarding a Detective Kniss, it's
- 3 K-N-I-S-S, I believe. And do you have any information
- 4 that any of the harassment reflected in that report
- 5 occurred any time after January of 2009?
 - A. No, I do not know the time frames.
- 7 Q. Well, let me --
- 8 THE COURT: 2009?
- 9 MS. VILLA: 2009.
- 10 BY MS. VILLA:

- 11 Q. Let me show you a report and see if it refreshes
- 12 your recollection as to when the last reported contact
- 13 may have been in that -- as reported by Detective
- 14 Kniss. I am showing you this, directing you to that
- 15 date, and if you can just read that and see if it
- 16 refreshes your recollection.
- 17 A. I actually spoke with the detective.
- 18 Q. Okay.
- 19 A. And during that we did not discuss time frames.
- 20 Q. All right.
- 21 A. So that's what I was referencing.
- 22 Q. Okay. And do you have any other information that
- 23 his -- the time frame reported in that report -- have
- 24 you been provided with a copy of this report?
- 25 A. I have read the report.

- Q. Okay. And that report indicates that the last contact was in January of 2009?
- 3 A. That's what it says, correct.
- Q. And you have no information from Detective Kniss or otherwise that there was any contact after January
- 7 A. No, I do not.
- Q. And there was no contact of any -- that you are aware of after the search warrant in 2010, January.
- 10 A. None that I'm aware of.
- 11 Q. Okay.

2009.

- MS. VILLA: Thank you, I have no further questions.
- 14 CROSS EXAMINATION
- 15 BY MS. TORRESEN:
- Q. Ms. Blanchette, Ms. Villa asked you about the defendant's use of an RF unit.
- 18 A. Correct.
- 19 Q. And specifically she wondered whether -- how long
- 20 it would take for the notification to come through if
- 21 he left the house without permission; is that correct?
- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 Q. Would the notification tell you where he was
- 24 headed?
- 25 A. No.

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Would you have any way by any form of GPS or
1
     Ο.
2
     anything to determine that?
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     Α.
           No.
           With regard to the history of flight section of
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     Ο.
5
     your report --
              MS. TORRESEN: And, Your Honor, we're
6
7
     referring to this report and I would like to ensure
     that it's into evidence in its entirety, the bail
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9
     report. Do I need to move the admission of that?
              THE COURT: Yes, because it's not normally
10
11
     part of the record and I don't --
12
              MS. TORRESEN: All right. Then I would move
     the admission of what I've marked for identification as
13
14
     Government's 3, which is the bail --
15
              MS. VILLA: I object to it being admitted as a
     document in evidence because it's not evidence itself.
16
     The report is a confidential document that should not
17
18
     be available to the public. Putting it into evidence
     would make it so. And so it is something that is
19
20
     available to the Court for considerations of bond, but
21
     I don't believe that it otherwise needs to be part of
     the record.
22
23
              THE COURT: I'll sustain the objection to the
24
     report. You can certainly put the -- any relevant
25
     contents of it you can attempt to question the witness
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about, but it would simply be shorthand to --
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              MS. TORRESEN: Yeah, and I would hope to be
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     able to argue from it as well, Your Honor. All right.
3
     BY MS. TORRESEN:
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5
           Then I'd like to ask you about your history of
6
     flight section on this -- in this report and
7
     specifically about the trip to Mexico. Tell us what
     you did to verify the trip to Mexico after you had
8
9
     heard about it from all these various sources.
           Primarily I spoke to the father to find out what
10
11
     happened with that.
12
     Ο.
           And I'd like to get your detail about that. What
     did he say?
13
14
           He indicated that after the search warrant was
     issued, was done at the home, defendant had a problem
15
     sleeping in the home, had fears that people were going
16
17
     to kick in the doors. He also indicated that during
18
     the search warrant -- during the process of the search
     the defendant had been placed in handcuffs and been
19
20
     intimidated by the agents and was fearful of the
21
     agents. So he reported that his son hadn't been
22
     sleeping, and he took a vehicle that belonged to the
23
     family and drove to Mexico.
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- 24 Q. Okay. And where did he go in Mexico?
- 25 A. I believe it's Monterrey.

Α.

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Okay. I can hand you the report if that --
1
     Ο.
2
           I think I have one right there. Yes, Monterrey.
     Α.
3
           All right. And do you know where that is in
     O.
     Mexico?
4
5
           No, I do not.
6
              MS. TORRESEN: If the judge would take
7
     judicial notice, it's about equidistant to the border
     as San Antonio is to -- you know, I didn't do the
8
9
     mileage on it but about -- San Antonio is as
     equidistant to the border as Monterrey is within
10
11
     Mexico, okay? I should have Googled it.
12
              THE COURT: You looked at the map and it
     looked like about this much space to San Antonio north
13
14
     and about this much space.
15
              MS. TORRESEN: Exactly, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: That's a scientific --
16
17
              MS. TORRESEN: Yeah, that tells you a lot,
18
     doesn't it?
19
              THE COURT: I understand.
20
              MS. TORRESEN: All right.
21
     BY MS. TORRESEN:
22
           You said that he took the family car to Mexico,
23
     and did he tell you anything else about how long he
24
     stayed or what he did?
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He said that he stayed about two or three days.

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1 He checked himself into a motel and slept.
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- Q. And then did he tell you how he returned or why
- 3 he returned?
- 4 A. His father indicated that the family made the
- 5 decision that it was important that he get back and
- 6 fast, that they were not worried about the car because
- 7 its value was very little, so they had him take a cab
- 8 to the border, I believe walk across the border, and
- 9 then take a cab on the U.S. side from the border to the
- 10 airport and fly back to Indiana.
- 11 Q. All right. Did that strike you as strange?
- MS. VILLA: Objection.
- 13 THE COURT: I'll sustain the objection.
- MS. TORRESEN: All right.
- 15 BY MS. TORRESEN:
- 16 Q. Did you ask the father why he didn't just drive
- 17 | the car back to the border?
- 18 A. No, I didn't.
- 19 Q. Did you ask the father why he went to Mexico as
- 20 opposed to, say, Illinois?
- 21 A. No, I didn't.
- $22 \mid Q$. All right. Did the father say why he went to
- 23 Mexico?
- 24 A. No.
- 25 Q. Did you ask whether the father knew that he was

- 1 heading to Mexico with the family car?
- 2 A. No.
- Q. All right. And then with regard to Canada, did
- 4 you find out when he went to Canada?
- 5 A. Yes, April 24th, 2010.
- 6 Q. And did you find out how he got there?
- 7 A. His father communicated that they drove him
- 8 there, brought him there.
- 9 Q. All right. And you said that he confirmed -- you
- 10 confirmed that he did go to this school in Montreal to
- 11 learn a foreign language; is that correct?
- 12 A. That's correct.
- 13 Q. And he took some French courses; is that right?
- 14 A. Correct.
- 15 | O. And then he went to Prince Edward Island and
- 16 entered a welding school; is that correct?
- 17 A. Correct, he's been accepted at the school.
- 18 Q. Okay. And, according to your report, the
- 19 defendant told you that he was living on campus; is
- 20 that correct?
- 21 A. Correct.
- $22 \mid Q$. And he was pretty clear about that, right?
- 23 A. Correct.
- 24 Q. But was there any contradictory evidence from the
- 25 father on that?

1 A. The father indicated that when they moved him to

Prince Edward Island they set him up in an apartment.

- Q. All right. And the school itself wouldn't
- 4 confirm that he was on campus; is that correct?
- 5 A. Correct, the woman looked through the file and
- 6 determined that he had not applied for student housing.
- 7 Q. All right. With regard to the use of the father
- 8 as a third-party custodian, did you make any
- 9 investigation of the father?
- 10 A. Yes, I did.

- 11 Q. And could you determine anything about the
- 12 suitability of the father as a third-party custodian?
- 13 A. Regarding -- could you be more specific?
- $14 \mid Q$. Whether he'd be a suitable party to serve as a
- 15 third-party custodian?
- 16 A. The -- the father appears to have distinct ties
- 17 in the community, he works there. He does not appear
- 18 to have any kind of criminal record, and he appears
- 19 very dedicated to his son.
- 20 Q. So dedicated that he gives up the family car to
- 21 go to Mexico -- to let the son leave the family car in
- 22 Mexico?
- 23 A. It is possible. He didn't seem very concerned
- about his son's trip to Mexico.
- 25 Q. All right.

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1 MS. TORRESEN: I have no further questions for 2 this witness. REDIRECT EXAMINATION 3 BY MS. VILLA: 4 5 I can't remember the exact words you used, but as far as the father, when you say he's very supportive of 6 7 his son, is that in a sense of he will do what's in his son's best interest? 8 9 I believe so, yes. Α. 10 0. Okay. And in the son's best interest is, as far 11 as you know, within the legal context, what is legal? 12 I don't know how he'd interpret in his son's best Α. 13 interest. 14 Okay. And did you ask the father whether or not Ο. 15 the family has any connections to Monterrey, Mexico? The father did mention that they have friends 16 Α. down in that area. 17 Okay. And whether or not they had previously 18 0. traveled to that area? 19 20 Α. He didn't -- I didn't ask and he didn't indicate. 21 Okay. Other than the technicality or -- excuse 0.

Other than exactly where the housing was

located, the information that he did have housing in

Charlottetown, I believe it's called, where the --

me, I will rephrase that question.

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where the school is, was all correct.
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- 2 A. That he did have housing?
- Q. Is that he was going to be living -- he had that
- 4 place in -- oh, where is it called? In Prince Edward
- 5 Island for purposes of going to school, that part was
- 6 correct.
- 7 A. I know he was scheduled to begin school in the
- 8 beginning of September.
- 9 Q. And that they paid the tuition and that there --
- 10 the parents had helped move him there?
- 11 A. Correct.
- 12 Q. Okay. So that the parents confirmed that they
- 13 had some housing that was there in that town.
- 14 A. Correct.
- MS. VILLA: I have no further questions, thank
- 16 you.
- 17 THE COURT: Any other witnesses?
- 18 MS. VILLA: I have some information to
- 19 proffer, Your Honor.
- 20 THE COURT: Are you done with her?
- MS. VILLA: I am.
- 22 THE COURT: You may step down.
- MS. VILLA: And the proffer is that the father
- 24 | could not make it here in time for this hearing. If
- 25 the Court cared to hear from the father personally, he

is willing to come and appear in court but obviously could not be here for today. That he would be willing to report any violation of any bond condition to the authorities immediately should his son be in violation, that he would be willing to transport his son to court in Tennessee as necessary and to accompany him on those trips so that -- that should there be any question about his whereabouts his father would be there to confirm that he is -- where he should be doing what he should be doing in a manner that he should be doing it. I have absolutely no indication that the father would do anything other than act as an adequate third-party custodian.

And so if the Court would be willing to accept that as a proffer, I make that as a proffer of the Court, and that the father would be willing to drive here to Bangor to pick up his son, drive him back to Indiana and then to Tennessee as required, so that transportation issues to and from would also be in the custody of his father and that he would be more than willing to sign off on the bond as being the third-party custodian.

I'm trying to think if there's anything else that

I need to tell you that was not covered by Miss

Blanchette. That's it, thank you.

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MS. TORRESEN: Your Honor, I would -- if I need to go forward at this point, if she's met the burden, then I would offer some evidence as well. would offer Government Exhibit 1, which is just a copy of the criminal complaint and the affidavit in support of it. Government's Exhibit 2, which is an investigative synopsis done by the agent who wrote the affidavit on the report, he actually pronounces his name Kniss, Detective Kniss of Indiana, pardon me, Tennessee, excuse me. I would move the admission of an e-mail from Loren Thresher to me which details -- Loren Thresher is a special agent with Homeland Security and has put together the official records of Mr. -- of the defendant's entry into the United States on January 30th through Laredo and his entry into Calais, the port of entry this most recent time. And it also has information regarding the Canadian entry in April of this year when the defendant went to Canada. would also offer Government 5, which is a concealed weapons permit for Matthew Dehart. MS. VILLA: Okay, I have an objection. Government's Exhibit No. -- well, first of all, taking them in order offered --THE COURT: Well, just put them here, I won't look at them yet, you can put them there and I'll

listen to what she has to say.

MS. VILLA: I believe Government's Exhibit
No. 1 is already part of the record because it had to
be part of the identity hearing. So I -- it's
duplicative so I don't have any problem with that
coming in.

Government's Exhibit 2 is an investigative synopsis that has an enormous amount of information in it that -- some of which is speculative. To the extent that it is relevant to the issue of detention, I believe that it was covered by Ms. Blanchette.

Otherwise I believe that it contains information that is otherwise not public and should not be rendered public by putting it into the -- into the record, as well as the fact that I do not have the opportunity to cross-examine Agent Kniss regarding the information contained in that document.

And that, as far as Government's Exhibit No. 4, it contains information regarding dates of birth and other information that should have been redacted and was not, and, therefore, should not be part of the public record. If it were redacted I would not have any problem with it coming in.

And the same is true for Government's Exhibit No. 5 is that I believe that there is privileged

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information that was not redacted in that as well.
                                                          And
     if it were redacted I would otherwise not have a
     problem.
3
              THE COURT: I forgot, what's No. 5?
              MS. VILLA: It's a concealed weapons permit
     that it -- apparently he has abided by the law in
6
7
     obtaining a permit to carry a concealed weapon.
              THE COURT: What's the privilege, you mean
     there's like a date of birth in it? That's not
     privileged.
10
11
              MS. VILLA: Privacy protected.
12
              THE COURT: Privacy protected.
              MS. TORRESEN: Your Honor, I'm happy to redact
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14
     4 and 5. No. 2 has been fully redacted, I believe, for
     all sorts of certainly victim identification and there
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     are some phone numbers that are left in there because
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17
     it's complicated and you have to match up phone numbers
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     to sort of see what's going on. But otherwise it's
     been redacted.
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              THE COURT: All right. 1, 4, 5 -- what was 3?
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              MS. TORRESEN: 3 was the bail report, Your
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     Honor.
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              THE COURT: Okay. 1, 4, and 5 are admitted
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     subject to your redacting out the date of birth.
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     which is the Kniss report, is admitted over objection.
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MS. TORRESEN: And, Your Honor, that's really the bulk of our evidence and what I would prefer to have you have a chance to look at, and then --

THE COURT: Right, I was just going to say,
I'm going to take a short recess because this is fairly
long. So I'll have to look it over. All right? Is
there anything else right now that you wish to say?
All right, I'm going to take a short recess to review
the exhibit.

(A recess was taken.)

THE COURT: All right, we're resuming the hearing in 10-140. I've had an opportunity to review Government's Exhibit 2 now.

Ms. Torresen, you wish to be heard?

MS. TORRESEN: I would like to be heard, Your Honor. As we said at the outset, this is a presumption charge, and the Government's position is that there are no conditions which satisfy the need to protect the community or assure that this defendant will not leave.

He's charged with enticing and persuading a minor to produce child pornography, and the affidavit makes clear that we're talking about two minor victims. The investigative synopsis, which I have provided as Government's Exhibit 2, describes classic behavior of a sexual predator. The defendant, who I think at the

time was around 24 years old, befriends these minors, one of whom is 12 at that time. They meet at an online game which has some chat feature, he befriends them under a false identity. He tells them that he's Michael -- Matthew DeMarco, who's living in New York City or New York, the New York area. He's 16 years old; he's the son of a mobster. He makes himself out to be something exciting. And he contacts them via this game but also it escalates to contacting them over cell phones, chatting, he develops a relationship with these minors and one in which they think he is someone -- a teen, someone in their age group.

each minor is visited individually by him. And he gives them gifts. Some of these gifts were a watch, video games, jeans, and something that he referred to as uncut diamonds, which who knows what that was.

But in the end of December, I think it was, of 2008 he actually takes one of these minors with him to a hotel where he checks in and he gives the minor a beer, which the minor doesn't finish, and shares Adderall with him. And this was the younger one of the two minors that he had at the hotel. And at the next day, I believe it was, he takes him -- this particular minor to the shooting range where he brings his own firearm. He

gives this minor a .380 round as a souvenir, and the minor also notices that there are guns in the back of his car.

He convinces over time these -- in befriending them, gaining their loyalty, convinces them to take photos of themselves, their genitalia, and to produce videos of themselves engaging in some sexual acts, masturbation, essentially. And he essentially tricks them into believing that they're sending it to teenage girls, although the evidence suggests that they -- that these girls don't exist and that the defendant himself has a connection to these e-mail addresses.

And then apparently the parents kind of catch on to this and tell them don't -- no more contact, don't contact our kids anymore. And instead of just going away he sets up this elaborate ruse whereby he's using spoofed telephone numbers to contact these families, numerous calls, and this is what's occurring in January '09, where he's pretending that he's from a law firm which represents the mobster DeMarco or he's pretending that he is the -- the headmaster of the school that he's supposed to be attending. And, you know, this is just strange behavior, really, but reaching out to the families of these boys. And it's clear from the investigative synopsis that the boys are torn. They --

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they have some loyalty to him and they don't want to get him in trouble. And I think that's just all part of that classic preying on a young, vulnerable victim.

Then we come to the search warrant that's done on his house in January of -- January 25th of 2010. within days of that search warrant he's taken the family car and going to Monterrey, Mexico, for rest. That doesn't make any sense, that you'd go for three days to sleep in Monterrey and that you'd come back and leave the car there. It just doesn't add up. strange set of events. He gets back into the U.S., and then he gets enrolled in this welding program on P.E.I. I can't think of a farther place to go from southern Indiana to P.E.I. for welding, just seems like an odd It seems like really what he wants most is he knows he's in trouble and he wants to stay out of this country. When he comes into the country in July he's coming in just to, what they call, do a flagpole, which is come in, get your student visa updated, and walk out again, go back into Canada.

And I know that there are some conditions where you could take away a passport and try to restrict travel to foreign countries. But we all know from the number of illegal alien cases that we do in Maine, you can keep them from getting into the country illegally,

perhaps -- legally, perhaps, but it's very difficult to keep someone out of another country if they're going to just go again across the border at night, you know, not at a port of entry. So I think that there is a strong risk of flight here.

The idea that the father is going to be an ideal custodian seems to me completely untested at this point, and we have a father who's letting the kid take the family car to Mexico two days after a search warrant. I just -- seems to me like he's not at all an ideal custodian.

In addition, we have behavior from this individual, he's got some known mental issues, some issues with medication, I think it's just unstable, it's an unstable situation that we have on our hands. And the bottom line is that the defendant is both a risk of flight and a danger to the community. And I believe that it would be wise for the Court to enter a -- at least a temporary order of detention to allow the case to be removed to Tennessee, the District Court where the charge is pending, and to allow that magistrate down there to determine what's in the best interest of his own community, whether this defendant does present a risk to his community, whether there are adequate monitoring capabilities of the probation

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offices in those, whether the father would be an
adequate custodian. I think it would be prudent to let
the case go down to the Middle District of Tennessee
for that determination and that what we should do here
is enter an order of temporary -- temporary order of
detention and then just remove it down there.
         THE COURT: I don't think there is any such
animal as you described.
         MS. TORRESEN: A temporary order of detention?
         THE COURT: Um-hum.
         MS. TORRESEN: Well, you've done them before.
         THE COURT: Well, that doesn't mean it exists.
         MS. TORRESEN: Well, there's precedent for
them. I mean, I think what it is is --
         THE COURT: I mean, the law is pretty clear.
         MS. TORRESEN: You're going to order him
detained -- you've often said to people, I'm ordering
you detained, if you can show a change in circumstances
bring it back to me, I'll look at it.
         THE COURT: That's what the statute provides
for.
     There has to be some -- something that's not
known or presented to the Court at the time of the
detention hearing. The defendant has the
opportunity -- it's the defendant's election, he can
choose to have his detention hearing there, where all
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those things you said might be better considered, or he can choose to have it in the district of his arrest.

He's chosen to have it here. I enter a detention order, if I enter -- if I order him detained, it is a detention order, and he has the same burden as I always tell those people in front of me. If there's some circumstance that comes to your attention that wasn't known to you at the time of the hearing, you can always move to have me consider modifying my detention order.

MS. TORRESEN: Well, and that's what I'm proposing is that, enter an order of detention. If he can come up with some better circumstances down -- down in Tennessee or in Indiana, if he can bring in his custodian and if he can convince the probation officers down there that, look, we've got these conditions set up, then let that judge make that determination. But for today I don't believe that he's established or met his burden, and I believe that there are no conditions that exist that would ensure the safety of the community or that would assure his appearance.

THE COURT: The safety of the community issues, doesn't it strike you as odd that a year goes by without anything happening in this case and there's no apparent danger to the community, and then the search warrant's executed six, seven, eight months ago

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now and nothing dangerous happens to the community, and
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     then on August 6th, after the defendant's apparently
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     taken into custody by immigration authorities, a
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     warrant's obtained in Tennessee?
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              MS. TORRESEN: Your Honor --
              THE COURT: Apparently the defendant was even
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     taken into custody on August 5th; is that possible?
              MS. TORRESEN: I don't know that information.
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              THE COURT: I read it in the Bangor Daily
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     News.
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              MS. TORRESEN: Well, I wouldn't trust that
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     paper but -- no, just kidding. I think it -- all I
     know is I heard about it on Friday.
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              THE COURT: That's when I heard about it as
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     well, late -- toward the latter part of Friday
     afternoon, and indeed the Tennessee arrest warrant is
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     dated August 6, which was Friday.
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              MS. TORRESEN: Right, right. And, Your Honor,
     I would say that the search warrant was done in
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     January, end of January.
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              THE COURT: Right.
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              MS. TORRESEN: And they seized a lot of
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     computer equipment which is then sent for analysis to
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     the FBI lab. I believe it was the FBI lab. And
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     that -- it was my understanding that that analysis is
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just now being completed, so I haven't seen any of the
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     results of the analysis of those computers.
              THE COURT: Right.
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              MS. TORRESEN: And I'm not saying that I have
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     evidence on those computers, but I suspect, they did do
     a search warrant to find that evidence, that we'll be
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     hearing more about this.
              THE COURT: Right, but the salient facts in
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     the affidavit are facts that existed as of 2009,
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     essentially.
              MS. TORRESEN: Right, and -- -- that's
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     correct.
              THE COURT: With the addition of the flight
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     business after the execution of the warrant in 2010.
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              MS. TORRESEN:
                             That's correct, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: Years fly by.
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              MS. TORRESEN: Well, the evidence of the
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     danger to the community, you know, I think the thing
     about these cases which are sexual --
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              THE COURT: Your burden there is clear and
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     convincing.
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              MS. TORRESEN: That's a fairly low burden but
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     the -- what I want to say about this presumption thing
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     is that that's Congress's determination that certain
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     offenders are likely to continue to engage in criminal
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conduct undeterred either by the pendency of charges against them or the imposition of monetary bond or release conditions. And the type of offender we're talking about here is this type of predatory offender. That I don't have evidence that he's continued to engage in it, it doesn't mean he didn't continue to engage in it. I admit that we don't have the evidence for 2010, but we were focused -- the investigation was focused on these two boys from Tennessee.

THE COURT: So Congress went on to determine that not all offenders in that category should be detained because they provided for certain conditions of release that could ameliorate those conditions, including electronic monitoring.

MS. TORRESEN: Right, but I don't believe that the defendant has established any sorts of conditions that would either assure his appearance or ensure the safety of the community.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MS. VILLA: Your Honor could establish those conditions by having a third-party custodian, being his father, by having electronic monitoring, basically having him under home confinement with the ability of the probation officer to allow his release for appropriate appointments that are necessary for medical

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appointments, et cetera, that his travel is restricted to Indiana and to the District of Tennessee in the company of his father, which would be part of that order.

That it would be -- let me see -- certain things that Adam Walsh does include, there's been litigation regarding this, and by and large what the cases that have construed the Adam Walsh Act and the conditions are that it's still an individualized finding. still have to look at the individual circumstances, and in these circumstances you have a person who is dependent on their parents, has been, who has very close ties to his parents, his parents have very close ties to the community. They aren't going anywhere, that -- they aren't -- they aren't any type of people who have a history of illegality. As a matter of fact, they have offered as much help and have answered truthfully all of the questions put to them by the probation officer for purposes of the presentence investigation. Have been forthright, as far as we know, about answering questions regarding the trip to Mexico, what happened to the car, you know, anything that she wanted to know. If she asked, they told her. And she confirmed that what they told her was correct. And so there is no -- no area to say that they would

not be appropriate custodians because everything we know about them says that they would be, that they have jobs, that they are stable.

Let's see. So that's just it. Let's see, what does the Adam Walsh Act say. Four, which is abide by specified restriction on personal associations, places of abode. We don't have any problem with no contact. There has not been any contact that has been put forth through anything here since January of 2009, which is approximately 18 months ago. If there were any retribution one would imagine it would have occurred after the search warrant. Nothing, nothing.

The Government says, well, it seems odd that he's going to a school in Canada instead of something down here in the States, except for the fact that it might be a lot cheaper to go to that school, tuition could be cheaper. There are a lot of legitimate reasons why somebody might enroll in that particular program than otherwise. And so for those reasons, you know, if somebody said -- if the probation officer thought that it was odd that they were going -- it seems like she would have asked that, but apparently the conversations that were being had made sense and it was just taken that this is what's happening and there were legitimate reasons. They weren't trying to hide the fact that

that's why he was there or that was what was happening.

Let's see, No. 5, avoid contact, reporting on regular basis, complying with the specified curfew, if you had home confinement that -- the specified curfew, I guess, would substitute for home confinement or that is what it is. And that's just an interesting thing is even the Adam Walsh Act does not necessarily foresee strict home confinement. I'm just saying is that he right now does not have a job to go to and so does not need to have those regular release hours. But even in this type of case in general Congress has not said if they are released to the community they have to be under home confinement. That's not the idea of what those restrictions are. And so I don't think that that's what the presumption means or indicates at all.

As far as the possession of firearms and his concealed carry permit, that just indicates that he actually was following the law in order to engage in certain conduct. It does not indicate that he would violate an order that would prohibit him from having any firearms at all.

And so all of those parts, I mean, if the Court wanted to have him have no computer contact, his parents have indicated, as reflected in the bail report, they're willing to purge their house of those

computers and to disallow that type of contact. So that whatever is the concern that is evident in these particular -- this particular case, there appears to be a condition that the Court would be able to structure to account for that concern. And when there are those conditions, that can be structured, that's when the statute says the Court should impose them and order release. And that is because it is still part of our Constitution that a person is presumed innocent until and unless convicted and that a person should not be detained unless there are compelling reasons to do so. And I believe that there are not those compelling reasons in this case.

THE COURT: Thank you. Ms. Villa, I think the problem with this case is -- that you haven't accounted for and that Ms. Torresen characterized as the weirdness factor is the really disturbing part. I mean, fleeing to Mexico after a search warrant is disturbing. I could infer from what I heard that it was disturbing to Mr. Dehart's father and he wanted him back and he wanted him back now because he knew that that wasn't going to get him anywhere in the long run and could be dangerous to him. But the fact is he fled to Mexico.

And then going to school to Canada, it may be

cheaper, you say. There's no evidence -- no suggestion that it, A, is cheaper. One knows if one is a resident of Canada on a seasonal basis that dollar change is at par right about now so there's not a lot of benefit to Canadian living in terms of economic advantage. And that's -- that's strange to go to school in Canada from southern Indiana. It's unexplained on this record except to get away, and that's in the face of the police coming and being intimidating in executing a search warrant.

Obtaining an arrest warrant and charging someone with an offense that carries a 15-year mandatory minimum is much more intimidating in my view, thereby escalating by extreme measures the risk of flight. And I view this entirely as a risk of flight case based on the unique circumstances of this case. I do agree with you, Ms. Villa, that the dangerousness components could be ameliorated by an Adam Walsh sort of release, and I think the Government, you know, has, for whatever reason, because of its thorough investigation, has sat on the case for almost two years and there's been no indication of harassment of victims or further dangerousness.

But what that little harassment of the victims' family interlude tells me supports my concern about the

risk of flight because it shows the degree of the defendant's sophistication with identity things and spoofing calls and handling how to get around in the world. He's not naive in terms of how to disguise himself or disguise his identity. And that creates a concern for me that feeds into my concern about the risk of flight. So I view that whole bit with the victims' family and the post learning that they had initiated some sort of investigation not so much as clear and convincing evidence of dangerousness but good evidence that increases the risk of flight in this case because of the sophistication evidenced by that.

So for all those reasons, I think that in this case I have to enter an order of detention, given the seriousness of the offense, the history of prior conduct since it became known to the defendant that he was under investigation, first with the families, then fleeing to Mexico, then establishing himself in Canada, all of which suggest to me that he wants to avoid at every cost prosecution. And now he's confronted with the reality of prosecution for a most serious offense. So I think all of that risk is magnified 50 times over with the return of a complaint and search -- and arrest warrant on his behalf.

MS. VILLA: May I address the Court's

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     concerns?
              THE COURT: I've ruled, Ms. Villa. You had
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     your opportunity to address the Court's concern; that's
     why we had a hearing.
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              MS. VILLA: Yes, except for the fact that I
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     think that there are certain reasons why the Court has
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     concerns about the risk of flight that may be not
     supported by what the record is, and this is just it --
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              THE COURT: Well, you know, you can take that
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     up in your appeal, which will go to the United States
     District Court in the Middle District of Tennessee.
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              MS. VILLA: Thank you.
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              THE COURT: Okay.
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                     (Time noted: 4:18 P.M.)
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CERTIFICATION I, Lori D. Dunbar, Registered Merit Reporter, Certified Realtime Reporter, and Official Court Reporter for the United States District Court, District of Maine, certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter. Dated: September 28, 2010 /s/ Lori D. Dunbar Official Court Reporter